

Nettleton Community Primary School

Pupil Premium Strategy

2017-2018

1. Summary information									
School	Nettleton Community Primary School			Pupil Premium Champions Andrew Smith (Staff) Mike Eckersley (Governor)			, ,		
Academic Year	2017/18	Total PP budget		£38,280		Date of most recent PP Review			N/A
Total number of pupils	76	76 Number of pupils eligible for PP				Date for next internal	review of thi	s strategy	December 2017
2. Current attainment (2017									
	Pupils eligible for DPP (your school)		Pupils not eligible for PP (national average) 2016 Nationals (2017 not published yet)		Gap	Gap as a number of children			
% achieving expected + in read	ling, writing and	d maths	0%		60%		-60	2	
% expected + in Reading	0%		71%		-71	2			
% expected + in Writing	0%		79%		-79	3			
% expected + in Maths			25%		75%		-50	2	
% expected + in GAPS			0%		78%		-78	3	

Due to cohort related issues, that cannot be disclosed here due to reasons of pupil confidentiality, we have listed on the next page the attainment of DPP children in the last two years to show that the 2017 data is not representative of usual outcomes of DPP children at Nettleton Community Primary School.

3. 2015 and 2016 DPP KS2 Figures

Due to cohort related issues that cannot be disclosed here, due to reasons of pupil confidentiality, we have listed below the attainment of DPP children in the last two years to show that the 2017 data is not representative of usual results.

Measure	2015 (6 Pupils)	2015 National Other	Gap	2016 (7 Pupils)	2016 National Other	GAP
% achieving expected + in reading, writing and maths	67%	85	-28%	57%	60%	-3%
% expected + in Reading	83%	92	-9%	71%	72%	-1%
% expected + in Writing	83%	90	-7%	86%	79%	+7%
% expected + in Maths	67%	90	-23%	71%	76%	-5%
% expected + in GAPS	83%	84	-1%	57%	78%	-21%

3. Current Attainment GAP in Federation APS AS of Term 1 2017-2018							
Year Group	Reading	Writing	Maths				
Year Two	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0				
Year Three	+0.0	-0.1	+0.1				
Year Four	-0.6	-0.3	-0.3				
Year Five	+0.3	+0.8	+0.9				
Year Six	-0.5	-0.1	-0.8				

0.5 = 0.5 term gap 1.0 = 1 term gap 1.5 = 1.5 term gap 2.0 = 2 term gap 2.5 = 2.5 term gap 3.0 = 1 year gap

4. Ba	arriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP, including high ability)							
In-sch	pol barriers (issues to be addressed in school, such as poor oral language skills)							
A.	Groups of PP children (identified on a termly basis) have gaps in their learning in reading, writing and maths, especially those identified with SEND.							
В.	One third of our DPP children have Special Educational Needs which can make securing progress and a	attainment even more challenging.						
C.	The size of our school, which requires us to have a mixed age Reception, Year One and Year Two class, extra support, with the traditional staffing ratio of one teacher per 30 children.	makes it hard to meet the needs of all children, especially DPP who need						
Externa	al barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates)							
D.	D. Attendance for the group of children eligible for the Deprivation Pupil Premium is always below that of Non DPP children.							
E.	Many parents who need support from our parental support advisor (PSA) are in the DPP group.							
F.	F. We have high levels of inward mobility. Very often the inwardly mobile children are eligible for DPP. In the past few years the DPP % of learners has increased dramatically due to this. (Eligible for DPP: 2013=30%, 2014=41%, 2015=50%, 2016=45%) Often these children also have SEND.							
5. D	esired outcomes							
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success criteria						
A.	Evidence based interventions to be used on targeted children and groups to close the progress and attainment gap for the DPP group. Measured through APS progress.	Data held on the evidence based intervention tracking will show that the packages used are having a positive impact of DPP learners. The APS gap between DPP and Not DPP will close.						
В.	Children who are SEND and DPP will make good progress. Measured through APS progress.	The progress rate of SEN DPP children will be good from own starting points.						
C.	All children make good progress. The progress of DPP children is as good and non DPP children. DPP children do not fall behind. Measured through APS progress and end of Year National assessments GLD, Y1 Phonics Screen and Y2 Teacher Assessment.	All children will make at least 3 aps progress. The gap between DPP and Non DPP, as seen in table 3, will not open. No discernible gap between outcomes for DPP and not DPP in GLD, Y1 Phonics Screen and Y2 National Curriculum Test results.						
D.	Attendance of the DPP group will increase. Measured through % attendance DPP VS Not DPP in school and National.	The gap between DPP and Not DPP in school will reduce to less than the 2017 Gap						
E.	Additional Support for parents will be provided from our parent support advisor. Measured through % of DPP parents accessing PSA Support.	A significant % of DPP parents will have accessed our PSA.						
F.	Additional SEND support in school Measured through APS progress of SEND DPP children.	Progress of SEND DPP children will accelerate on 2017 figures. SEND children who need access to SEN support will get it.						

6. Planned expenditure

Academic year 2017/18

The three headings below enable schools to demonstrate how they are using the pupil premium to improve classroom pedagogy, provide targeted support and support whole school strategies.

i. Quality of teaching for all

Employ an additional teaching assistant for in class support and evidence based interventions. Some of these hours are linked to vulnerable individuals.	Teaching assistants provide valuable support in classrooms. Evidence of this comes from TA observations. Although EEF only puts their added value at +1 month our TAs are used for evidence	Teaching assistants are well trained. Teaching assistants have performance management targets	AS Ex HT RS HOS	Gap closure data (DPP Vs Not DPP and DPP NOT SEND VS DPP SEND) will
£4735	based intervention not just in class support.	that are set and reviewed. Review of lesson observations, in year data and evidence based intervention data. Initial September deployment will be based on need.		be reviewed on a termly basis. Deployment can be fluid based on need. Pupil Premium Champion governors to review data at regular meetings.
To employ an additional teacher to work in Class One (R,Y1,Y2) to ensure that the needs of all of the children are met, particularly children eligible for DPP. To ensure gaps do not open early on in school life. £17,500	We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. Reception GLD: 3/4 DPP children were GLD Year One Phonics Screen: 3/3 DPP children met the required standard Year Two Teacher Assessment: 3/5 children at expected combined R,W,M In Year Progress Gap between DPP and Not DPP R W M G Y1 +0.0 +0.2 +0.0 +0.1 Y2 +0.1 -0.1 +0.2 +0.3	Continual monitoring of teaching and data packs.	AS Ex HT KS1 Lead	Each half term with review of data packs.
1 t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	To employ an additional teacher to work in Class One (R,Y1,Y2) to ensure that the needs of all of the children are met, particularly children eligible for DPP. To ensure gaps do not open early on in school life.	We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. Reception GLD: 3/4 DPP children were GLD Year One Phonics Screen: 3/3 DPP children met the required standard open early on in school life. Year Two Teacher Assessment: 3/5 children at expected combined R,W,M In Year Progress Gap between DPP and Not DPP R W M G Y1 +0.0 +0.2 +0.0 +0.1	Initial September deployment will be based on need. To employ an additional teacher to work in Class One (R,Y1,Y2) to ensure that the needs of all of the children are met, particularly children eligible for DPP. To ensure gaps do not open early on in school life. E17,500 We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. Continual monitoring of teaching and data packs. PRECEPTION GLD: 3/4 DPP children were GLD Year One Phonics Screen: 3/3 DPP children met the required standard Year Two Teacher Assessment: 3/5 children at expected combined R,W,M In Year Progress Gap between DPP and Not DPP R W M G Y1 +0.0 +0.2 +0.0 +0.1 Y2 +0.1 -0.1 +0.2 +0.3	Initial September deployment will be based on need. We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. We used this approach successfully last year. DPP children did very well. Continual monitoring of teaching and data packs. KS1 Lead AS Ex HT KS1 Lead AS Ex HT KS1 Lead Pero One Phonics Screen: 3/4 DPP children were GLD Year One Phonics Screen: 3/3 DPP children met the required standard Year Two Teacher Assessment: 3/5 children at expected combined R,W,M In Year Progress Gap between DPP and Not DPP R W M G Y1 +0.0 +0.2 +0.0 +0.1

ii. Targeted support					
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
To enhanced attainment and achievement for DPP learners.	French coach employed to teach the class to enable class teacher to undertake "catch the bus" intervention with DPP children (More able too not just less able) on a weekly basis. (£3,420)	EEF cites improvement of +8 months for enhanced feedback. Analysis of staff questionnaire show they feel that it has a positive benefit.	Termly work scrutiny. Review of DPP progress data. Staff to be asked to annotate any CTB work so its impact can be monitored.	RS	Termly; gap closure data and review of work books for CTB work now annotated.
Raise the attainment and progress of DPP children in upper KS2	Weekly support for experienced KS2 teacher to increase the number of DPP children at Expected Levels and higher Level. (No cost-Partner school to fund)	Historically intervention sessions of this kind have been successful for us.	Termly review of upper KS2 DPP more able data.	GE (From partner school)	Termly
To deliver Easter Schools (4 days) for targeted DPP children. (More able and Less able)	Staff taught intervention schools outside of term time. (£1200)	Historically this has been successful in raising attainment. DPP outcomes are always better than DPP national and close to national other.	End of Year Data for participants.	RS	July 2018
			Total	budgeted cost	£4620
iii. Other approaches					
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Attendance of the DPP group will increase and the gap to our non DPP will close.	Breakfast club (£400)	Has historically raised attendance levels. EEF report 4/11/16 shows +2 months progress.	Termly checks of attendance for invited children.	AS	Termly Pupil Premium Governor to review in our regular meetings.

To explore ways to support our DPP children with Special Educational Needs	Buyback of Specialist teaching and applied psychology service. (£1416) Additional training for staff. Highlighting this vulnerable group to staff.	37% DPP children also have SEND support profiles. STAPS reports and interventions are very useful in ensuring individual SEN needs are met in DPP children. We know our DPP SEND children don't make as much progress as our DPP NOT SEND.	Termly review of data. SENCO monitoring	LMG	Termly through data packs.
To improve attendance, barriers to learning and improve wellbeing.	To employ a parent support advisor (PSA) to support DPP families with a range of barriers to improve learning; behaviour, attendance, routines, parenting etc. (£ pay as we go)	Many of our children and families require additional support.	High quality PSA employed. SENCo to review work on weekly basis.	LMG	April 2018
To raise attainment and achievement of SEND DPP children.	To employ a SENCo for 1 day per week to meet the high levels of SEND and DPP children. (£8287)	Around 30% of the school are on the SEND register and 1/3 rd of them are also DPP.	Review of termly data.	AS LMG/CB	Termly
	£10,103				

7. Review of expendit	ure										
Previous Academic Year 2016/2017											
i. Quality of teaching	for all		•								
Desired outcome	Chosen action/app	roach	· '			Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)					
To close the gaps in reading, writing and maths. (£21,584)	Employ staff and teaching for in class su deliver evide interventions sessions.	assistants) upport, to nce based	Additional teacher was very positive in Class One. Reception GLD: 3/4 DPP children were GLD Year One Phonics Screen: 3/3 DPP children met the required standard Year Two Teacher Assessment: 3/5 children at expected combined R,W,M In Year Attainment Gap between DPP and Not DPP R W M G Y1 +0.0 +0.2 +0.0 +0.1 Y2 +0.1 -0.1 +0.2 +0.3 In Year Progress Gap between DPP and Not DPP R W M G Y1 +0.0 -0.1 +0.0 -0.3 Y2 -0.1 +0.1 +0.0 +0.0			Continue with this approach with a renewed focus on targeting the most able DPP children.					
Enhanced attainment and achievement for DPP learners. (£3,420)	French coach to teach the enable class undertake "c bus" interver DPP.	class to teacher to catch the				ler to staff to use ue with this appro		able DPP not just th	ne least able.		
	Readir					Writ	ing			Maths	
	T1 Gap	T6 Ga	р	VA	T1 GAP	T6 G		VA	T1 Gap	T6 GAP	VA
Year One (9)	+0.1	+0.1		+0.0	+0.1	+0.		+0.0	0.0	+0.0	+0.0
Year Two (12)	-0.1	+0.0		-0.1	-0.0	-0.		+0.1	-0.1	+0.1	-0.2
Year Three (10)	-0.2	-0.6		+0.4	-0.4	-0.		-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	+0.2
Year Four (6)	-0.7	+0.3		-1.0	-0.9	+0.		-1.7	+0.1	+0.9	-0.8
Year Five (13)	-0.0 -4.2	-0.5 -6.8		+0.5	+0.6 -5.2	-0. -4.		+0.7	-1.0 -2.5	-0.8 -2.6	-0.2 +0.1
Year Six (12)*	-4.2	-0.8		+2.6	-5.2	-4.	_	<mark>-1.0</mark>	-2.5	-2.0	+0.1

*Gap opening due to inward mobility

To explore ways to support our DPP children with Special Educational Needs (£1824)	Buyback of Specialist teaching and applied psychology service.	Resource well utilised. STAPS reports seen feeding into support profiles. See data two boxes below.	Continue with this approach.
To support DPP children with Special Educational Needs (£9735)	To employ an experienced SENCo one day a week.	SEN children as a group broadly speaking made expected progress in all year groups and subjects from starting points. See below.	Continue with this approach.

	Expected	Reading	Writing	Maths	GAPS
Year One (1)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.5
Year Two (3)	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0
Year Three (5)*	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.1
Year Four (3)	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.0
Year Five (2)	3.0	2.3	3.0	3.0	3.0
Year Six (5)	3.0	4.8	3.6	3.2	4.5

Green Expected Progress Made, Orange within 0.5 of expected progress, Red More than 0.5 from expected progress

$\ensuremath{^{*}}$ Below expected progress due to inward mobility.

To deliver Easter and summer Schools (4 days each) for targeted DPP children. (£1,200)	Staff taught intervention school outside of term time.	Easter school took place. Summer school did not due to staffing constraints. Easter school was well attended. DPP children did not do as well as we would have liked due to reasons that cannot be disclosed here due to confidentiality reasons.	We will hold another Easter School this year. All DPP children will be invited to attend.
Closure of gap between DPP and PP (£400)	Breakfast Club for targeted PP	The Gap between DPP and All closed last year. 2015/16 - Gap 0.86% 2016/17- Gap 0.60% However the gap between all and FSM is still bigger than we'd like at 1.14% although it closed from 3% the previous year.	Continue with this approach however ensure DPP still FSM are targeted.